Charity Number: 268124

THE IDLEWILD TRUST

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

THE IDLEWILD TRUST

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS OF THE CHARITY,

ITS TRUSTEES AND ADVISERS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Trustees

The following are the Trustees who served during the year and are

appointed by the Trustee body as and when necessary.

Mr J.A. Ford O.B.E. (Chair)

Mr J. Gittens Ms T. Mayhew Mrs H. McCabe Dr T. Murdoch Mr J. G. Ouvry

Director

Mrs R.T. Oglethorpe

Address

1a Taylors Yard

67 Alderbrook Road

London SW12 8AD

Auditors

RPG Crouch Chapman LLP

Chartered Accountants

62 Wilson Street London EC2A 2BU

Solicitors

Charles Russell Speechlys LLP

5 Fleet Place London EC4M 7RD

Bankers

CafCash Limited

Kings Hill West Malling

Kent ME19 4TA

Stockbroker

Rathbone Investment Management Limited

8 Finsbury Circus

London EC2M 7AZ

Charity Number

268124

THE IDLEWILD TRUST REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES

The Trustees present their annual report and financial statements of the Charity for the year ended 31 December 2017. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Note 1 to the accounts and comply with the Charity's Trust Deed, the Charities Act 2011 and Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland published on 16 July 2014.

Constitution

The Trust was founded in 1974 by Mr Peter Brissault Minet and is governed by a Trust Deed dated 23 July 1974 and a Scheme of 15 December 1998.

Objects of the Trust

- 1. The advancement of education and learning and the encouragement of music, drama and the fine arts.
- 2. Preservation for the benefit of the public of lands, buildings and other objects of beauty or historic interest.

Grant Making Policy

In 2015 the Trustees reviewed the Trust's grant-making policy. For a trust the size of The Idlewild Trust, its remit within the fine arts and heritage sector had been broad. The Board of Trustees adopted what it felt was 'best practice' for The Idlewild Trust and decided to focus its grant-giving on two clearly defined areas, increasing clarity for both applicants and the Trust. Following a period of research, alongside internal and external discussions with a range of stakeholders, Trustees agreed to focus on the following areas within the objects of the Trust in which The Idlewild Trust believes its grants can make a difference and deliver public benefit:

- 1) Conservation Fund: Objects and Works of Art: to support the conservation of historic or artistically important objects and works of art in museums, galleries, places of worship, historic buildings or their grounds.
- 2) Arts Fund: Nurturing Young Professionals: to support programmes that improve opportunities for young professionals working creatively within the arts, at an early stage in their career.

It remains the policy of the Trustees to make grants to registered charities (not individuals) in the United Kingdom only.

Full information on funding guidelines and exclusions can be found on www.idlewildtrust.org.uk.

Distribution Policy:

The Trustees each year consider an amount from the Trust's annual income to allocate to grants. The Trustees decide on a projected amount by considering the Trust's annual income net of Salary and Administration Costs. In November 2013, the Trustees decided that, from January 2014, the Trust's Investment Costs would be excluded from the assessment of administration costs, thereby increasing funds available for its grants programme.

Investment Powers

Under the Trust Deed, the Trust has the power to make any investments which the Trustees see fit.

Organisational structure

The Trustees consider the board of Trustees and the Director as comprising the key management personnel of the Charity in charge of directing and controlling the Charity and running and operating the Charity on a day to day basis. All Trustees give of their time freely and no Trustee remuneration was paid in the year.

Trustees are required to disclose all relevant interests and register them with the Director and in accordance with the Trust's policy withdraw from decisions where a conflict of interest arises. The pay of the Charity's Director is reviewed annually and normally increased in accordance with average earnings.

THE IDLEWILD TRUST REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES

Trustee Recruitment & Training

The Trustees keep the number of Trustees under regular review. During the year Trustees are offered training courses and events appropriate to their individual needs and interests. The Board of the Trustees has the power to appoint new Trustees as and when it sees fit to a maximum of seven. However, no single Trustee has the power to appoint any other. New Trustees are offered induction training.

Review of Activities and Future Plans

180 appeals were considered during 2017 (2016 - 255). The Trustees met twice during the year. The total grants paid amounted to £141,091 (2016: £138,460) and totalled 39 grants (2016 - 44). The breakdown of the number of grants made and amounts given is as follows:

Grant-giving	No.		£
1. Conservation Fund: Objects and Works of Art (museums, galleries, places of worship, and historic buildings or their grounds)	16	41%	57,596
2. Arts Fund: Nurturing Young Professionals			
Dance	2	6%	9,000
Music	16	38%	54,025
Theatre	4	12%	16,720
Visual Arts/Museums	1	3%	3,750
Total Arts Fund	23	59%	83,495
Total:	39	£	141,091

The Idlewild Trust introduced the Conservation and Arts' Funds and its new website in July 2016 and made its first grants' decisions within the new scheme in November 2016. The current year is therefore the first full year of the new grants' programme, with Trustees awarding grants in May 2017 and November 2017. The Director continues to receive positive feedback from potential applicants, applicants, grantees and from other grant-making trusts. The two new specific areas of the Trust's new grant-making programme have resulted in more focused applications being submitted and have enabled Trustees to make decisions based on clearer and more relevant information provided. The Idlewild Trust will continue to monitor the new funds carefully and make any adjustments necessary to ensure there is clarity for applicants and that the funds continue to meet The Idlewild's objectives, articulated above under its grant-making policy.

Public Benefit

The objects of the Trust are set out above under 'Objects of the Trust'. Trustees have considered the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit when reviewing the Trust's activities and setting its grant making policy. Trustees keep public benefit in mind when discussing the grants made by the Trust to other charities that also, as charitable organisations, deliver public benefit.

The Trust aims to improve opportunities for young professionals working creatively in the arts at an early stage in their careers through its Arts Fund that awards grants to charities working in the Arts. It also aims to support the conservation of important works of art and objects that are being lost through the lack of funds to look after these works through its Conservation Fund. This Report, under 'Review of Activities' above, shows how the Trust delivered its support to charities that are themselves delivering public benefit.

Investment Policy

In 1974 Peter Minet, founder of The Idlewild Trust, passed to the Trust proceeds of the sale of property owned in South London, to be held by the Trustees subject to powers and provisions of the charitable trust set out in the Trust Deed. When the Trust's premises in Knatchbull Road, Lambeth, were sold in 2005 proceeds of this sale were included in the Trust's portfolio. The Trust's portfolio is managed by Rathbone Investment Management Limited

The Trustees have the power to invest in such stocks, shares and investments as they see fit. They have consequently agreed to invest in a wide range of securities with the overall aim of producing sufficient income to fund a programme of grants while at the same time safeguarding the capital of the Trust.

The Trustees have appointed Rathbone Investment Management Limited to manage these investments on their behalf with wide discretionary powers to purchase and sell investments as they believe to be appropriate.

THE IDLEWILD TRUST

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES

At 31 December 2017 the Trust was fully invested and comprised UK and overseas fixed interest securities of 12% and 2% respectively and UK and overseas equities of 56% and 30% respectively.

The Trustees review the performance of the portfolio annually. They continue to take the view that while the capital of the Trust must be safe-guarded, the purpose of the Trust is to make grants in furtherance of its objects and therefore the level of investment income must equally be safe-guarded. This principle continues to guide our policy whenever changes are made to the composition of the portfolio.

Reserves Policy

The Trustees have not adopted a specific reserves policy since in the long term they aim to distribute the net income of the Trust.

Risk Management

The Trustees have completed an assessment of the risks facing the charity; these have been documented together with details of actions required to mitigate those risks. These details are reviewed regularly by the Trustees to ensure that the Risk Register remains complete and up to date.

Financial Review

The Trust's income is almost entirely derived from income from its investment portfolio with Rathbones, which yielded £211,333 in the year to 31 December 2017 (2016: £181,831). Of this, the Trustees distributed £138,591 (2016: £138,460) by means of grants to support projects in the arts and conservation sectors.

At the year end, the charity held funds of £6,246,575 (2016: £5,800,337), which are largely represented by cash and its investment portfolio. The increase in funds year-on-year is attributable to the favourable performance of the markets during the year, which resulted in investment gains of £438,317 (2016: gains of £662,477).

Statement of Trustees' responsibilities

The Trustees are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The law applicable to charities in England and Wales requires the Trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources of the charity for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Trustees are required to, select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently; observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP; make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Trust will continue in business.

The Trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Trust and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the Charity (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 and the provisions of the Trust deed. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Trust and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the charity and financial information included on the charity's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

This report was approved and authorised for issue by the Trustees on 22 May 2018 and signed on its behalf

Trustee

Date:

22.5-18

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES OF THE IDLEWILD TRUST

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Idlewild Trust for the year ended 31 December 2017 as set out on pages 7 to 15. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standards applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) in preference to the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice issued on 1 April 2005 which is referred to in the extant regulations but has been withdrawn.

This has been done in order for the accounts to provide a true and fair view in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Practice effective for reporting periods beginning on the after 1 January 2015.

This report is made solely to the Charity's Trustees, as a body, in accordance with Part 4 of the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Charity's Trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Charity and the Charity's Trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31st December 2017 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the Charities Act 2011.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Charity in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficent and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Trustees' use of going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Trustees have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Charity's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The Trustees are responsibile for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, other than the financial statements and our Auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE TRUSTEES OF THE IDLEWILD TRUST

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulation 2008 require us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the financial statements is inconsistent in any material respect with the Trustees' report; or
- · sufficent accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- · we have not received all of the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Trustees' responsibilities statement, the Trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Trustees are responsibile for assessing the Charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustees either intend to liquidate the Charity's or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditors under section 145 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with the Act and relavent regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. The description forms part of our Auditor's report.

RPG CROUCH CHAPMAN LLP Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor 62 Wilson Street London EC2A 2BU

Date:

RPG Crouch Chapman LLP is eligible to act as an auditor in terms of Section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006

THE IDLEWILD TRUST STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES (incorporating Statement of Total Realised Gains and Losses) For the year ended 31 December 2017

	Notes	2017 Unrestricted Fund £	2016 Unrestricted Fund £
Income from:			
Investments	2	211,333	181,831
Total income		211,333	181,831
Expenditure on:			
Raising funds Investment management costs		23,608	21,544
Charitable activities			
Grants	3 5	138,591 25,021	138,460 24,328
Salaries Administration costs	6	16,192	16,738
Total Expenditure		203,412	201,070
Gains on investment assets		438,317	662,477
Net Income	7	446,238	643,238
Net movement in funds		446,238	643,238
Reconciliation of funds Total Funds at 1 January 2017		5,800,337	5,157,099
Total Funds at 31 December 2017	12	6,246,575	5,800,337

THE IDLEWILD TRUST (Charity no. 268124) **BALANCE SHEET** At 31 December 2017

	Notes		2017		2016
		£		£	
Fixed Assets					
Investments	7	6,108,695		5,703,550	
Tangible assets	8	1,262		2,524	
			6,109,957		5,706,074
Current Assets					
Debtors	9	6,922		4,722	
Cash at bank		148,662		107,354	
		155,584		112,076	
Current Liabilities Creditors:					
Amounts falling due within one year	10	(18,966)		(17,813)	
Net Current Assets			136,618		94,263
Total Assets Less Current Liabilities	s		6,246,575		5,800,337
Town Tooks more wallen middling			<u> </u>		3,000,001
Funds of the Charity					
Unrestricted	13		6,246,575		5,800,337

Approved and authorised by the Board of Trustees on 22 May 2018 and signed on their behalf by:

J.A. Pord Chair

Chair

J.G. Ouvry

Trustee

1 Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) issued on 16 July 2014, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Charities Act 2011.

The financial statements have been prepared to give a "true and fair" view and have therefore departed from the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008. This departure has involved following the Charities SORP (FRS 102) as stated above, rather than the Accounting and Reporting by Charities Statement of Recommended Practice effective from 1 April 2005 which has since been withdrawn.

The Idlewild Trust constitutes a public benefit entity as defined by FRS 102.

The effects of any events relating to the year ended 31 December 2017 which occurred before the date of approval of the financial statements by the Board of Trustees have been included in the financial statements to the extent required to show a true and fair view of the state of affairs at 31 December 2017 and the results for the year ended on that date.

(b) These accounts have been prepared in GBP and all amounts have been rounded to the nearest £.

(c) Fund structure

The charity only has unrestricted funds. Unrestricted income funds comprise those funds which the trustees are free to use for any purpose in furtherance of the charitable objects.

(d) Income recognition

All income is recognised once the charity has entitlement to the income, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount of income receivable can be measured reliably.

Interest on funds held on deposit is included when receivable and the amount can be measured reliably by the charity; this is normally upon notification of the interest paid or payable by the bank. Dividends are recognised once the dividend has been declared and notification has been received of the dividend due. This is normally upon notification by our investment advisor of the dividend yield of the investment portfolio.

(e) Expenditure recognition

Liabilities are recognised as expenditure as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the charity to that expenditure, it is probable that settlement will be required and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

All expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis. All expenses including support costs and governance costs are allocated or apportioned to the applicable expenditure headings.

Grants payable are payments made to third parties in the furtherance of the charitable objects of the Trust. In the case of an unconditional grant offer this is accrued once the recipient has been notified of the grant award. The notification gives the recipient a reasonable expectation that they will receive the one-year or multi-year grant. Grants awards that are subject to the recipient fulfilling performance conditions are only accrued when the recipient has been notified of the grant and any remaining unfulfilled condition attaching to that grant is outside of the control of the Trust.

Provisions for grants are made when the intention to make a grant has been communicated to the recipient but there is uncertainty as to the timing of the grant or the amount of grant payable.

(f) Irrecoverable VAT

Irrecoverable VAT is charged against the expenditure heading for which it was incurred.

THE IDLEWILD TRUST

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

For the year ended 31 December 2017

(g) Investments

Investments are shown at their market value. Gains and losses on disposal and revaluation of investments are charged or credited to the Statement of Financial Activities.

(h) Accrued interest

Accrued interest on fixed interest securities at the date of sale or acquisition is included in the relevant proceeds or cost.

(i) Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. The cost of minor additions or those costing less than £250 are not capitalised. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Office equipment - 4 years straight line

Benefactor software equipment - 3 years straight line

(j) Debtors and prepayments

Debtors are recognised at the settlement amount after any potential trade discount offered. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any potential trade discount due.

(k) Cash at bank

Cash at bank and in hand includes cash and short term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

(I) Liabilities

Liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation at the Balance Sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably. Liabilities are recognised at the amount that the charity anticipates it will pay to settle the debt or the amount it has received as advanced payments for the goods or services it must provide.

Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the provision is based on the present value of those amounts, discounted at the pre-tax discount rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised within interest payable and similar charges.

(m) Pension costs

The Charity incurs pension costs in connection with the payment of a pension to a former staff member. This is charged in the accounts as paid. The accounts also include a charge for a contribution to the personal pension of current staff.

(n) Cash flow statement

The financial statements do not include a cash flow statement because the charity, as a small reporting entity, is exempt from the requirements to prepare such a statement under Financial Reporting Standard 102 as amended by Update Bulletin 1.

(o) Realised gains and losses

All gains and losses are taken to the Statement of Financial Activities as they arise. Realised gains and losses on investments are calculated as the difference between sales proceeds and their opening carrying value or their purchase value if acquired subsequent to the first day of the financial year. Unrealised gains and losses are calculated as the difference between the fair value at the year end and their carrying value. Realised and unrealised investment gains and losses are combined in the Statement of Financial Activities.

(p) Financial instruments

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value with exception of any bank loans which are subsequently measured at amortised cost using effective interest method. Investments are measured at fair value with changes recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities.

(q) Estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions:

The Charity makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates and assumptions will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assetss and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Critical areas of judgement:

Depreciation is based on the estimated useful life of fixed assets.

Fixed asset investments are based on their quoted market value at the balance sheet date.

2 Investment income

2 investment income	2017	2012
	2017	2016
	£	£
Income from investments	211,290	181,694
Interest receivable	43	137
	211,333	181,831
3 Grants to institutions	2017	2016
	£	£
Charitable Grants approved in the year to 31 December	2017:	
All Saints Church, Oaksey	2,232	
Bardwell Church, Suffolk	5,000	
Barnsley Museums and Heritage Trust	1,520	
Bath Festivals	5,000	
Birmingham Royal Ballet	4,000	
Blue Elephant Theatre	4,720	
Brighton Early Music	5,000	
Classical Opera	3,000	
Clonter Farm Music Trust	2,000	
Culture Warrington (Warrington Museum & Art Gallery)	1,050	
Ex Cathedra	3,500	
London Philharmonic Orchestra	2,000	
London Symphony Orchestra	2,000	
Longborough Festival Opera	3,000	
Lyric Hammersmith	4,000	
Manchester Camerata	3,000	
National Youth Choirs of Great Britian	3,000	
Northern Print	3,750	
Opera North	3,500	
Orange Tree Theatre	5,000	
Orchestra of the Age of Enlightenment	3,500	
Parish Church of All Saints, Mackworth	3,000	
PCC of Fifehead Magdalen, Newman Chapel Restorati	on 5,000	
Ryedale Festival	4,525	
c/f	82,297	

the year ended 31 December 2017		2017	2016
		£	£
3 Grants (continued)	b/f	82,297	
Salisbury Cathedral		5,000	
Snape Maltings (Aldeburgh Music)		4,000	
South London Botanical Institute		1,139	
St John's Church, Kirkby Wharfe		3,000	
St Peter's Church, Croft on Tees		5,000	
Strawberry Hill House & Gardens		4,745	
The Foundling Museum		5,000	
The Friends of Lastingham Church		4,000	
The Other Room		3,000	
The Place (Richard Alston Dance Co	mpany)	5,000	
The Salisbury Museum	parry/	4,885	
The Wallace Collection		3,025	
Victoria and Albert Museum			
Young Classical Artists Trust		4,000	
Young Musicians Symphony Orchest	70	3,000	
Tourig Musiciaris Symphony Orchest	ia .	4,000	
Camden Arts refund grant		141,091	
Carriden Arts refund grant		2,500	
Observation Oscarla		138,591	
Charitable Grants approved in the year	ar to 31 December 2016:		
All Saints Cuddesdon			3,000
Apples and Snakes			1,000
Arcangelo			3,000
Bishopsland Educational Trust			3,000
Bournemouth Symphony Orchestra			3,000
Box of Tricks			2,250
Burgh with Billockby PCC			1,000
Camden Arts Centre			2,500
Collective			5,000
Dance House Glasgow			3,000
Dulwich Picture Gallery			3,000
Durham Cathedral			3,000
Edinburgh International Festival			3,000
English National Ballet School			2,500
English National Opera			2,000
Greenwich Foundation for the Old Ro	yal Naval College		5,000
Historic Royal Palaces			5,000
Holy Cross & St Mary's Church, Quai	nton		3,000
Leeds Diocesan Trust			2,500
London Sinfonietta			4,500
Luton Culture (Wardown House Muse	eum)		3,000
Mid Wales Opera			3,000
National Dance Company of Wales			3,000
National Opera Studio			4,500
National Youth Theatre			5,000
NI Opera			3,000
OperaUpClose			3,500
Pallant House Gallery			3,000
	c/f		88,250
			,

3 Grants (continued)

	b/f	88,250
Pitzhanger Manor & Gallery Trust		2,000
Presteigne Festival		3,000
Rambert		3,000
Samling		3,000
Scottish Chamber Orchestra		3,000
Scottish Historical Buildings Trust		5,000
Scottish Opera		3,000
St Mary the Virgin, Bylaugh PCC		5,000
St Mary's Church, King's Pyon PCC		3,000
St Nicholas Southfleet		3,000
Stoke Damerel Church (St Andrew with St Luke)		1,000
Studio Wayne McGregor		4,840
The British Museum		3,000
The English Heritage Trust		4,870
The Philharmonia Chorus		1,500
Winchester Cathedral Trust		2,000
		138,460

4 Trustees' remuneration and expenses

During the year, no member of the Board of Trustees received any remuneration or any reimbursement of expenses (2016 -£NIL)

5 Salaries	2017	2016
o datanes	£	£
Salary of Charity Director	18,445	17,908
Pension to former employee	5,037	4,988
Contribution to pension plan	923	895
Social Security costs	616	537
Coolar Gooding Coolar	25,021	24,328
The average monthly number of employees was as follows:	No	No
Administration - part time shared with The Peter Minet Trust.	1	1

No employee received remuneration of more than £60,000.

Apart from the Trustees, key management comprises the Charity Director. The aggregate remuneration of key management amounted to £18,445 (2016: £17,908)

6 Administration	2017	2016
o / tallimon allow	£	£
Office expenses	6,079	6,735
Property expenses	4,750	4,738
Professional fees	825	770
Audit fee	2,966	2,880
Auditors - other services	310	270
Depreciation	1,262	1,345_
	16,192	16,738

7 Fixed Asset Investments	2017	2016
Overhald	£	£
Quoted Investments		
Market value at 1 January 2017	5,703,550	5,066,339
Additions	706,155	598,026
Disposals	(739,327)	(623,292)
Realised investment gains	16,715	68,600
Unrealised investment gains	421,602	593,877
Market value at 31 December 2017	6,108,695	5,703,550
Cost at 31 December 2017	4,058,648	3,787,918
UK Investments	4.005.000	
Foreign Investments	4,085,228	3,771,368
r ordigit investments	2,023,467	1,932,182
	6,108,695	5,703,550

At 31 December 2017 no investments were valued at more than 5% of the total market value (2016 - 2 investments valued at less than 6%).

The market value of the investment porfolio is based on the assessments of the Trust's investment managers, Rathbone Investment Limited

8 Tangible Assets	Office equipment	Benefactor software	Total
Cost	£	£	£
At 1 January 2017 Additions	1,387	8,283	9,670
At 31 December 2017	1,387	8,283	9,670
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2017	1,387	5,759	7,146
Charge for the year		1,262	1,262
At 31 December 2017	1,387	7,021	8,408
Net Book Value			
At 31 December 2017		1,262	1,262
At 31 December 2016	-	2,524	2,524
9 Debtors		2017	2016
Due within one year:		£	£
Income tax recoverable		5,334	3,230
Prepayments		1,588	1,492
	_	6,922	4,722

10 Creditors Due within one year: The Peter Minet Trust Investment Management Fee Audit fee Accountant's fee Payroll cost Pension contribution	2017 £ 8,929 6,020 2,966 825 226 	2016 £ 8,276 5,646 2,880 770 210 31 17,813
11 Financial Instruments	2017 £	2016 £
Financial assets measured at fair value through income and expenditure Financial assets measured at amortised cost Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	6,108,695 5,334 18,966	5,703,550 3,230 17,813

Financial assets measured at fair value through income and expenditure comprise investments.

Financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise income tax recoverable.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise trade and other creditors

12 Statement of funds	2017 £	2016 £
General fund: Balance at 1 January 2016/17 General fund: Income General fund: Expenditure General fund: Gains on investments General fund: Balance at 31 December 2017/18	5,800,337 211,333 (203,412) 438,317 6,246,575	5,157,099 181,831 (201,070) 662,477 5,800,337
The Charity does not operate any funds other than general funds.		
13 Analysis of net assets between funds	2017 £	2016 £
Tangible fixed assets Current assets Current liabilities Total	6,109,957 155,584 (18,966) 6,246,575	5,706,074 112,076 (17,813) 5,800,337

14 Related party transactions

There were no related party transactions other than those stated in Note 4.